## **ATTENTION**

START READING AT THE **BOTTOM OF THE PAGE!** 

#### **NIGHT TIME**

When your child is reliably dry during the day you can start thinking about night times. PREPARATION is important - watch out for dry nappies in the morning, and get your child used to stopping drinks an hour before bed and sitting on the potty just before sleep. Protect the bed with a waterproof sheet; put a gentle light by the bed and practise getting to the potty or toilet. Make sure your child can pull their pyjamas up and down easily and have fresh pyjamas and bedding ready to deal with any wetting. Some children take much longer to learn night time dryness - check out ERIC's Guide to Night Time Wetting if bedwetting persists.

#### **WIPING**

Something else to learn... how much paper to use and how to get clean. This step often takes lots of practice and encouragement. Wet wipes and/or coloured or patterned toilet paper can help.

DON'T TRY AND ADD THE TOP **BLOCKS UNTIL YOU'VE GOT A GOOD ROUTINE GOING AND** YOU'VE MADE SOME PROGRESS!

#### **GOING OUT!**

Once things are going well at home it's time to go out in pants. Keep the first trips short, plan where you're going and make sure you always know where the nearest toilet is. Take everything you need with you - potty, wipes, changes of

### **GETTING GOING!**

Goodbye nappies, hello pants! Don't substitute pull-ups for nappies...they are just a different shaped version of the same thing. You can't potty train in a nappy or a pull-up, so choose the right day and stop using them!

Build up a routine. Don't ask your child if they need a wee or poo - they haven't learnt to recognise that yet. Simply say "it's potty time" every couple of hours.

Keep a bag of toys ready to play with while they're on the potty so they remain happy to sit for 2 or 3 minutes. Use the bathroom whenever possible.

Make it a special time for you both - the whole experience will be much more positive if you invest time to learn together.

Encourage boys to sit down to wee, if not they can forget they need a poo! They may empty their bladder better sitting down too.

Give lots of praise for sitting on the potty, and for each little step like washing hands and getting dressed.

Rewards are a good incentive - but make them small and instant, like a sticker. Reward achievable tasks like sitting on the potty rather than staying clean and dry, which they might not manage at first. If the leap is too great, use Dry Like Me pads to help catch the mess and keep that nappy off! This helps the child learn too...the pad bulks up and helps them to recognise when they're wet.

#### **CLOTHES**

Choose clothes that are easy to pull up and down - avoid fiddly zips and buttons. Practise getting dressed and undressed.

Choose clothes that are easy to wash and dry...accidents WILL happen.

#### **PANTS**

Choose pants with your child. Buy lots...they WILL have accidents. Practise wearing them for short periods to get used to the feeling.

#### THE POTTY

Choose a potty with your child.

Keep it in the bathroom and practise sitting on it. Consider having a second potty downstairs if your only bathroom is upstairs.

#### THE TOILET

If a potty is not suitable, choose a children's toilet seat together, and a step or box that is high enough to provide firm support under the child's feet while they sit on the toilet.

# WHAT TO DO IF IT ALL GOES WRONG! Don't be surprised if initially a lot of wee and none and in the child's name instead of none and surprised in the child's name instead of none and surprised in the child's name instead of none and surprised in the child's name instead of none and surprised in the child's name and surprised in the child name and surpri Don't be surprised if initially a lot of wee and for instead of the learning pants in the child's pants in the learning pant of the surprise of the sart of the learning pants up in the child's part of the which may poo ends up in the poots. Think training is a skill which may the poots. Potty training is a schieve. The process ome time to achieve. Be matter of fact and just deal with it...and praise them when they get it rioht. You may however decide they are just not napples, and napples, and napples, and the first time you have and change between pants and change afew weeks. Be matter of fact and just deal with when they get it right. Go back to the 'Getting ready' stage, then check out the info on the base your potty got a secure base your potty and change between pants. and change for a few weeks. Just STOP for a check out the info on the bottom blocks...if check out the info on the base again! when to check out the info on the base again! when to you haven't got a secure down and plan when to you haven't got a secure down and plan when to training tower well prepared and plan when to training tower well prepared and plan when to training you're well prepared and plan when to training you're well prepared and plan when to training tower will fall down again! Make to sure you're well prepared and plan when to start again.

WHAT IF THE CHILD WILL ONLY POO IN A NAPPY? In the short term, if they ask for a nappy to do their poo in then let them. Otherwise they are very likely to hold onto their poo and the vicious cycle of constipation

Constipation may already be playing a part; hard stools will cause discomfort and make your child reluctant to poo. Read ERIC's Guide to Children's Bowel Problems for more information.

Some children are simply frightened of the poo falling into the potty or toilet. Give them lots of reassurance, but be firm that the place poos happen is in the bathroom. Involve them in bottom wiping and

Then aim to move them very gradually towards removing the nappy – first by sitting on the potty/toilet with the nappy on, then loosening the nappy a little more every day, moving it away from their bottom bit by bit.

#### WHAT SHOULD YOUR CHILD **DRINK?**

The most important way to ensure healthy bladder and bowels is to check your child has plenty of fluids a minimum of 6 - 8 drinks every day.

Water is best.

**AND** 

**KEEP** 

**GOING** 

UP!

2 - 3 drinks of milk a day is fine as part of a balanced diet.

Well diluted fruit juice or squash can be included.

#### WHAT DRINKS SHOULD THEY **AVOID?**

Any drinks containing caffeine - like tea, coffee and cola.

Sweetened drinks.

Save fizzy drinks for a treat when they are older!

Don't limit their drinks to help them stay dry...it doesn't work! The bladder needs to be properly filled and emptied to behave properly.

#### MAKE SURE YOUR CHILD IS NOT **CONSTIPATED**

Your child should pass soft stools at least four times a week. If they are passing fewer poos than this, and/or harder poos, they might be constipated...

Leaking runny poo can also mean constipation...

... check out the ERIC website or read the leaflet ERIC's Guide to Children's **Bowel Problems for more information** 

